## (Compulsory Question)

9. Explain :
(a) Central Tendency 2
(b) Weighted Arithmetic Mean 2
(c) Weighted Geometric Mean 2
(d) Tabulation of Data 2
(e) Hexiles 2
(f) Rank Correlation. 3
(i) Printed Pages: 4

Roll No.
(ii) Questions :9

Sub. Code : | 0 | 9 | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 |

## Bachelor of Computer Applications $1^{\text {st }}$ Semester

 1128
## FUNDAMENTALS OF MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

Paper : BCA-16-102

## Time Allowed : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 65
Note :- (1) Attempt one question from each unit and compulsory Question No. 9.
(2) Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## UNIT-I

1. (a) Define Statistics. Explain various statistical techniques in detail.
(b) Differentiate among Arithmetic, Geometric and Harmonic Mean in detail.
2. (a) What do you understand by Statistics ? Explain its uses and limitations in detail.
(b) Why Harmonic mean is calculated ? Explain the methods for calculating simple HM for Discrete and Continuous series.

## UNÍT-II

3. (a) Determine the value of Median:

| Class | $11-12$ | $13-14$ | $15-16$ | $17-18$ | $19-20$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 5 | 426 | 720 | 741 | 665 |
| Class | $21-22$ | $23-24$ | $25-26$ | $27-28$ | $29-30$ |
| Frequency | 395 | 38 | 8 | 5 | 7 |

7
(b) How mean deviation, standard deviation and variance are calculated ? Explain.
4. (a) Calculate quartiles (lower, upper) and $9^{\text {th }}$ decile :

| R No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mks. | 29 | 65 | 33 | 45 | 51 | 72 | 48 | 33 | 42 |
| R No. | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mks. | 25 | 28 | 35 | 46 |  |  |  |  |  |

(b) How do you compute "Inter Quartile" and "Percentile" range ? Explain.

## UNIT-III

5. (a) Why correlation analysis is required ? Explain "Scatter Diagram" and "Graphic Method" techniques in detail.
(b) Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation using method of your choice :

| $\mathbf{M}_{1}$ | 75 | 60 | 45 | 30 | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{M}_{2}$ | 150 | 175 | 200 | 225 | 250 |

